

CONCEPT REVIEW
15

SOUND WAVES AND THE DECIBEL SCALE

PAGES 100 TO 105

Complete this concept review handout and keep it as a record of what you have learned.

DEFINITIONS

- Sound is a longitudinal mechanical wave produced by the vibration of an object and transmitted to the object's environment.
- The decibel scale is a relative scale that represents the perception of the intensity of sound by the human ear.

CHARACTERISTICS OF SOUND

- The speed of sound varies quite a bit from medium to another.
In the air, the speed of sound is 1224 km/h or 340 m/s.
- The intensity of sound depends on the amplitude of the sound wave.
The intensity of sound is measured in decibels (dB).
- Sound tones correspond to the frequency, which is measured in hertz (Hz).

THE DECIBEL SCALE

Intensity (dB)	How much louder than 0 dB	Example	Hearing damage
20	100	Murmur (2 m away)	None
40	<u>10 000</u>	<u>Calm classroom</u>	<u>None</u>
70	<u>10 000 000</u>	<u>Intense road traffic (3 m away)</u>	<u>None</u>
110	<u>100 000 000 000</u>	<u>Rock music concert</u>	<u>Long term</u>
120	<u>1 000 000 000 000</u>	<u>Jet motor (14 m away)</u>	<u>Immediate</u>