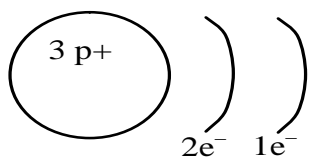


January Exam Review

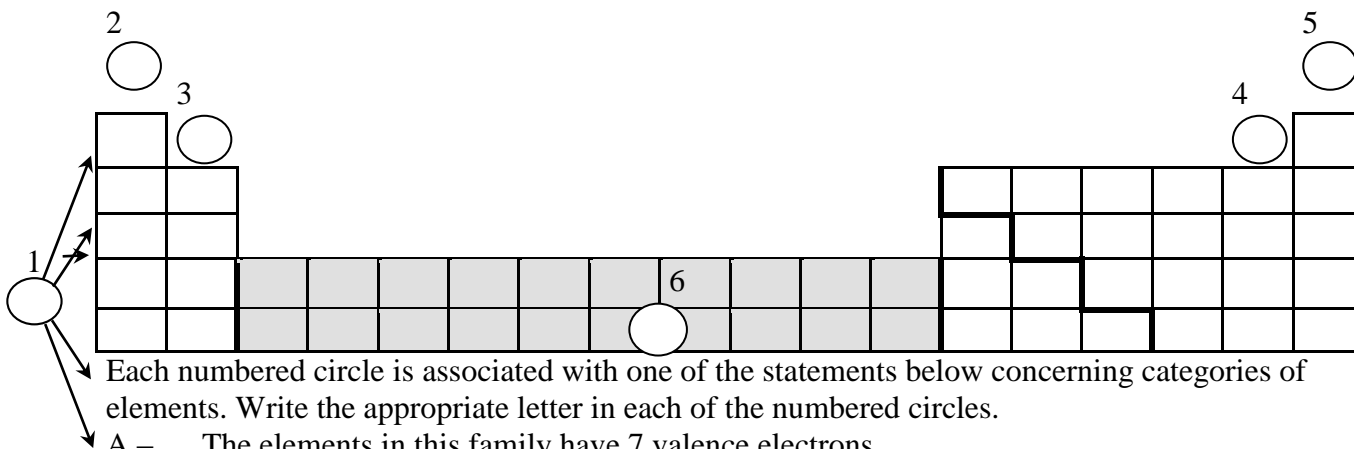
Test 1- Periodic table

- Which statement proper explains Rutherford's finding using the gold foil experiment?
 - The atom was very small with protons in the nucleus and electron on orbits.
 - The atom was very small with electrons in the nucleus and protons on orbits.
 - The atom was very big with protons in the nucleus and electrons on orbits.
 - The atom was very big with protons in the nucleus and electrons outside of the nucleus.
- The following diagram represents the simplified atomic model (Bohr-Rutherford) of an element.



Which of the following is true?

- The element is located in period 1 and is an alkaline earth metal.
 - The element is located in period 1 and is an alkali metal.
 - The element is located in period 2 and is an alkali metal.
 - The element is located in period 2 and is an alkaline earth metal.
- In the diagram below, the circles numbered 1 to 6 represent a characteristic shared by categories of elements in the periodic table.



Each numbered circle is associated with one of the statements below concerning categories of elements. Write the appropriate letter in each of the numbered circles.

- The elements in this family have 7 valence electrons.
- This space is used to indicate the number of energy levels.
- The elements in this family are very chemically stable.
- The outermost energy level of these elements contains one electron, $1e^-$.
- The elements in this category are very malleable and are good conductors of heat and electricity.
- One of the elements in this family has 4 protons and 5 neutrons.

8. While doing a research project, you noted the following information about five elements.

- Element A :**
- . is a solid;
 - . conducts electricity;
 - . has 2 electrons in its outermost shell;
- Element B :**
- . has a very low density;
 - . does not conduct electricity;
 - . has 7 electrons in its outermost shell;
- Element C :**
- . is found in very small quantities in nature;
 - . does not form compounds with other elements;
 - . is in a gaseous state;
- Element D :**
- . is a poor conductor of heat;
 - . is non-ductile and non-malleable;
 - . conducts electricity.
- Element E :**
- . is ductile and malleable;
 - . is a solid;
 - . is a good conductor of heat and electricity;

Classify the elements above as metals, non-metals or metalloids.

9. A student is given an unknown solid substance belonging to family II A (family 2). To determine the nature of this substance, he conducts the tests listed in the following table.

Give the expected result for each test.

TEST	EXPECTED RESULT
- Reacts with a strong acid	
- Electrical conductivity test	
- Thermal conductivity test	
- Malleability test	

Test 2- Solution, electrolytes and pH

1. Chlorine is sometimes used in a city's water filtration system to kill micro-organisms. To ensure fish in an aquarium are not affected by the chlorine, tap water could be left sitting for 24 hours to allow the chlorine to evaporate. The lethal dose of chlorine for most goldfish is 0.05 mg/L. Most water filtration systems use 45.5 ppm to kill micro-organisms. Do you need to let the water sit for 24 hours so the chlorine could evaporate?
2. You have a 40 g/L solution. You want to make a 300 mL solution. Solve and explain the process of making the solution.

3. Which of the following categories of substances are considered to be electrolytes?
 A) Acids and neutral salts C) Acids, bases and salts
 B) Acids and bases D) Salts and bases

4. Associate each substance with the correct characteristic

Substances

Characteristics

- | | |
|---|------------|
| 1. Aqueous aluminium hydroxide, $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_{3(\text{aq})}$ | a) Acid |
| 2. Aqueous calcium hydroxide, $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_{2(\text{aq})}$ | b) Neutral |
| 3. Aqueous acetic acid, $\text{HCH}_3\text{CO}_{2(\text{aq})}$ | c) Basic |
| 4. Aqueous lithium hydroxide, $\text{LiOH}_{(\text{aq})}$ | |
| 5. Aqueous hydrogen chlorate, $\text{HClO}_{3(\text{aq})}$ | |
- A) 1a, 2a, 3c, 4a and 5c C) 1c, 2a, 3b, 4c and 5a
 B) 1c, 2c, 3a, 4c and 5a D) 1a, 2c, 3b, 4c and 5a

5. In order to classify three unknown solutions as acids, bases or salts, you have been given the following information :

Solution / Information	1	2	3
Electrical conductivity	yes	yes	yes
Reaction of blue litmus paper	turns red	stays blue	stays blue
Reaction of red litmus paper	stays red	stays red	turns blue

On the basis of this information, how do you classify the three solutions?

- A) Solution 1 : acid Solution 2 : base Solution 3 : salt
 B) Solution 1 : acid Solution 2 : salt Solution 3 : base
 C) Solution 1 : base Solution 2 : acid Solution 3 : salt
 D) Solution 1 : base Solution 2 : salt Solution 3 : acid

6. Which one of the following describes an acidic solution?
 A) A solution that does not change the colour of blue litmus paper and that conducts electricity
 B) A solution that does not change the colour of blue litmus paper and that does not conduct electricity
 C) A solution that turns blue litmus paper red and that conducts electricity
 D) A solution that turns red litmus paper blue and that does not conduct electricity

10. Which of these aqueous solutions contains a neutral salt?

	Solution 1	Solution 2	Solution 3	Solution 4
Effect on litmus paper	Paper turns red	No effect	Paper turns blue	No effect
Electrical conductivity	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

- A) Solution 1 B) Solution 2 C) Solution 3 D) Solution 4

11. Which answer shows the correct electrolytic dissociation for CaCl_2 ?

- A) $\text{CaCl}_2 \rightarrow \text{Ca}^{2+} + 2\text{Cl}^-$ C) $\text{CaCl}_2 \rightarrow \text{Ca} + 2\text{Cl}$
 B) $\text{CaCl}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Ca} + 2\text{Cl}^-$ D) $\text{CaCl}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Ca} + 2\text{Cl}$

12. The following table gives the colours of the indicator phenol red in solutions whose pH values vary from 0 to 14.

pH														
Colour	Yellow					Orange			Red					

A few drops of this indicator are added to a basic solution.

What colour does the phenol red become?

- A) Orange or red C) Yellow or orange
 B) Yellow only D) Red only

13.

pH Scale	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Indicator 1	Yellow				Green			Blue			
Indicator 2	Colourless							Pink		Fuchsia	
Indicator 3	Red		Orange			Yellow					
Indicator 4	Red				Orange			Yellow		Green	

The pH of a given solution is unknown. Indicators 1 and 3 turn yellow in this solution.

What colour will indicator 4 become in this solution?

- A) Red B) Orange C) Yellow D) Green

14. The following table gives the colours of the indicators phenolphthalein and methyl red in solutions that have pH values ranging from 1 to 14.

Phenolphthalein	Colourless							Pink		Red				
pH	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Methyl Red	Red				Orange			Yellow						

A mixture of these two indicators is added to a neutral solution. What colour will the mixture of the two indicators be in this neutral solution?

- A) Colourless B) Yellow C) Orange D) Pink

15. This table gives the behaviour of certain indicators.

pH Scale														
Indicator 1	Yellow					Green			Blue					
Indicator 2	Colourless							Pink		Fuchsia				
Indicator 3	Red		Orange			Yellow								
Indicator 4	Red				Orange			Yellow						

The pH of a given solution is unknown. Indicators 1 and 3 turn yellow in this solution. Between which values will the pH of this solution fall?

- A) Between 0 and 5
 B) Between 5 and 6
 C) Between 5 and 12
 D) Between 6 and 12

16. Answer the questions below using the 3 indicators

pH	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
A	Red			Orange				Yellow					
B	Blue		Green		Yellow								
C	Red				Purple				Blue				

- A) Which indicator would you use to find a strong acid?
 B) What is an unknown's pH if it turns orange with A and green with B?
 C) What is an unknown's pH if it turns yellow with A and purple with C?

Test 3- Changes in matter, balancing equations, neutralization and combustion

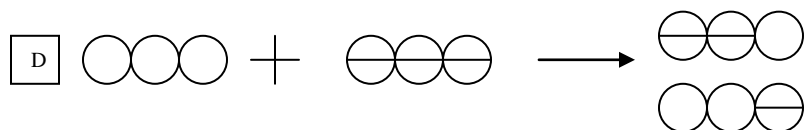
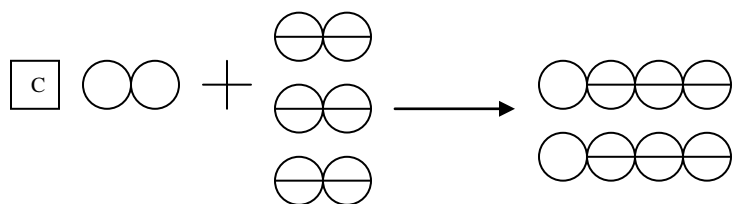
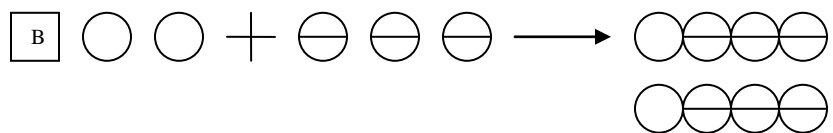
1. A student performed four tests and made the following observations.

Test	Observation
1. Brought a magnet close to a piece of metal.	The two objects attracted each other.
2. Added lime water to a test tube containing a gas.	The lime water became cloudy.
3. Mixed two colourless liquids in a beaker.	The beaker became warmer.
4. Ground a piece of chalk.	The chalk turned to a very fine white powder.

Which of these tests produced chemical changes?

- A) 1 and 2
 B) 1 and 4
 C) 2 and 3
 D) 3 and 4
2. Which of the following equations is correctly balanced?
 A) $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 + 2 \text{NaOH} \rightarrow \text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$
 B) $2 \text{K}_2\text{O}_2 + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 4 \text{KOH} + 2 \text{O}_2$
 C) $2 \text{C}_2\text{H}_2 + 5 \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 4 \text{CO}_2 + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$
 D) $3 \text{NO}_2 + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 4 \text{HNO}_3 + \text{NO}$
3. Richard complained about a thin black film that formed on his aluminum windows. Kim told him that this film was the result of oxidation (rusting) of the aluminum by oxygen in the air. Which balanced equation represents this reaction?
 A) $2 \text{Al} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$
 B) $4 \text{Al} + 3 \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$
 C) $2 \text{Al} + 3 \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$
 D) $4 \text{Al} + 2 \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$
4. One liter of nitrogen (N_2) reacts with three liters of hydrogen (H_2), to produce two liters of ammonia, according to the following equation :

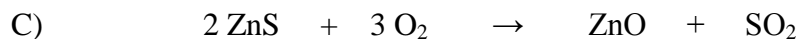
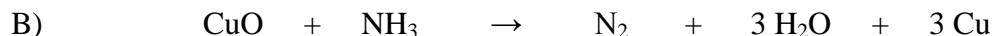
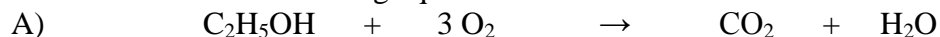
$\text{N}_{2(g)} + 3 \text{H}_{2(g)} \rightarrow 2 \text{NH}_{3(g)}$ **Hydrogen: Θ** **Nitrogen: ○**
 Which of the following models best describes the chemical change that occurs?



5. The neutralization of hydrochloric acid (HCl) by calcium carbonate (CaCO_3) produces calcium chloride (CaCl_2), carbon dioxide (CO_2) and water (H_2O).

Write the balanced equation for this neutralization reaction.

6. Balance the following equations.



7. The neutralization of 24.5 g of sulphuric acid (H_2SO_4) requires 42 g of sodium bicarbonate (NaHCO_3). This neutralization reaction produces 35.5 g of sodium sulphate (Na_2SO_4), 22 g of carbon dioxide (CO_2) and a certain amount of water (H_2O).
 What is the mass of the water produced during this neutralization reaction?

8. Each of the three statements listed below can be matched with the fire triangle component.

FIRE TRIANGLE



Ignition temperature

Statement 1- One way of fighting forest fires is to remove all the vegetation from certain areas.

Statement 2- Most laboratories have a blanket that can be wrapped around a person whose

clothes catch fire.

Statement 3- Buildings adjacent to the one on fire can be sprayed with water to prevent a fire

from spreading in a city.

Which of the following choices shows the correct match between the three statements above and the fire triangle components?

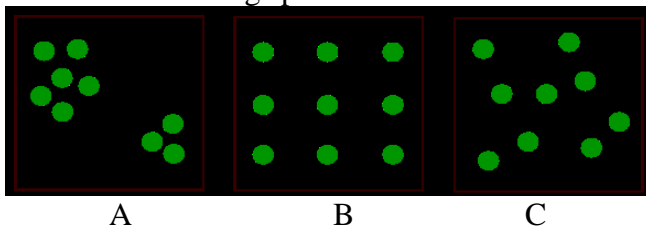
	Statement 1	Statement 2	Statement 3
A	Fuel	Oxidizer	Ignition temperature
B	Ignition temperature	Fuel	Oxidizer
C	Fuel	Ignition temperature	Oxidizer
D	Oxidizer	Ignition temperature	Fuel

Test 4- Biomes, Populations, Communities and Ecosystems

1. State the biome being described for each statement

1	Where fresh and marine water mix	
2	Produces a large amount of the world's oxygen	
3	Current flows in 1 direction	
4	Has permafrost	
8	The largest ecosystem	
9	Rains all year long and very warm temperatures	
11	Acidic, nutrient poor soil	
12	Became towns and cities	
13	Type of wetland where trees can grow	
14	Has grazing animals	
15	Contains the benthos	
16	Saturated soil	
17	Has cold winters and warm summers	
18	Not enough moisture for trees, but enough not to be a desert	
19	Shore acts as a filter and attracts species	
20	As the altitude increases the colder it becomes	
21	The deeper you go the colder it gets	
22	Salmon will fight the current to go lay their eggs	

2. Below are descriptions of different biomes. Determine the type of biome described in each statement.
- a- This summer I am going on the most amazing vacation. I'm hoping to see polar bears, birds, seals and caribou. Even though it's the summer, my mother told to pack sweaters, pants and a few light coats.
 - b- I was sitting near water and I saw salmon swimming upstream against a very strong current. They would jump out of the water which made it seem like they were flying for a few seconds and then dove back down in the water.
 - c- This biome has lots of grazing animals in a very open space. I was told to bring sunscreen because there are few trees around and it gets very hot.
 - d- A person needs an umbrella for this biome since it rains all year long. It's hot enough to wear shorts and t-shirts, but I'm afraid the bugs will eat me for lunch. Bug spray will be a necessity.
3. At the beginning of winter there were 22 polar bears in a small area of the arctic. 4 polar bears died because of the lack of food, 5 polar bears left the area to look for food, 2 bears were shot by hunters and 3 bears came to the area to look for food. Was there a population increase or decrease? By how much?
4. A population of 113 snowshoe hares lives on an island with an area of 25 000 m². What is the population density of the hares?
5. Name the following species distribution.



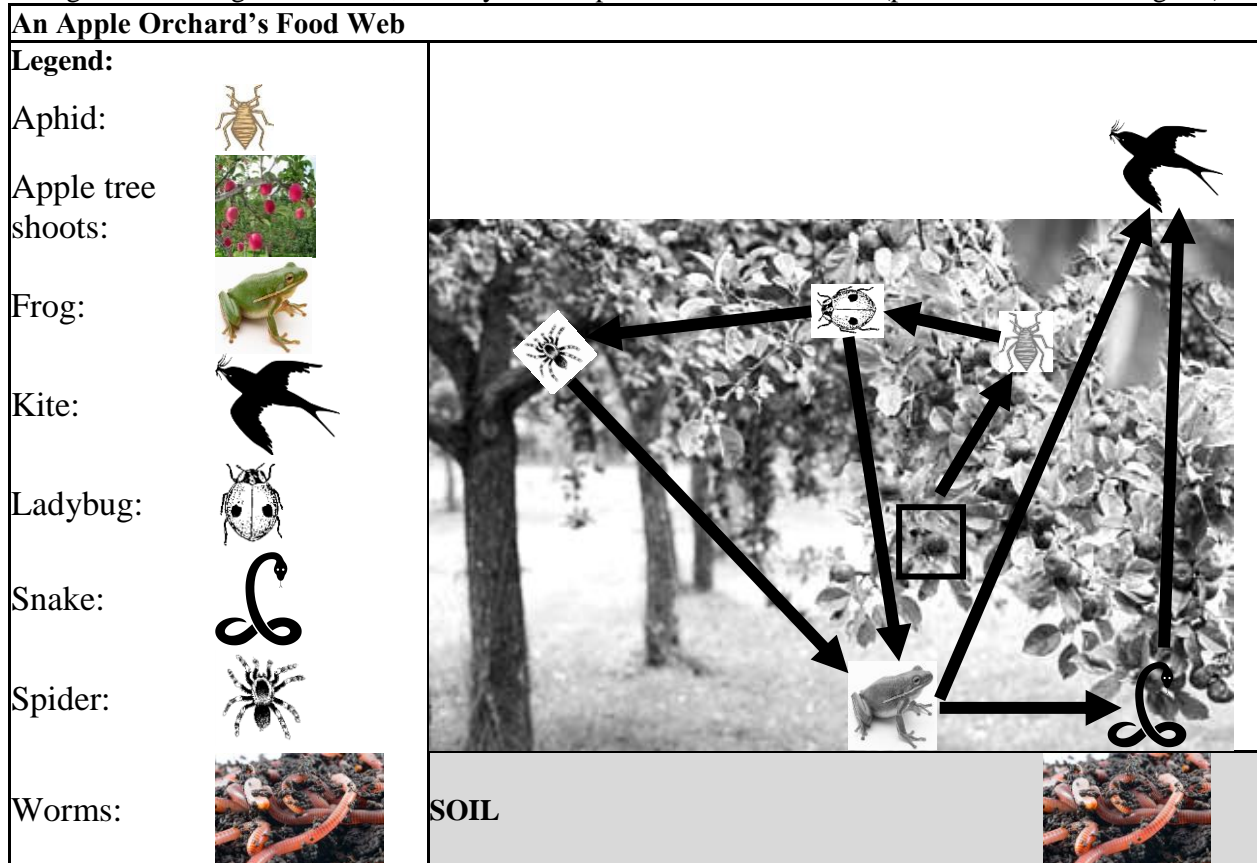
6. The table below lists the contents of two aquariums, A and B, both with a capacity of 50 L. Find the relative abundance of each species.

Aquarium A	Aquarium B
150 goldfish	78 goldfish
76 striped fish	22 striped fish
44 snails	0 snails
88 green algae	24 green algae
220 fern	300 ferns

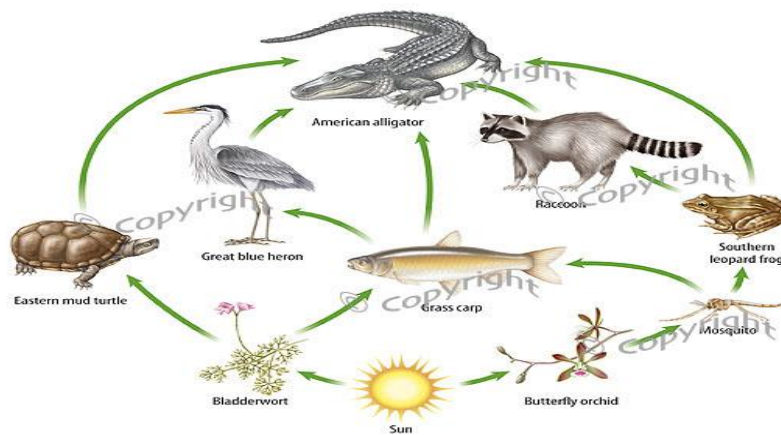
Which aquarium has the greater biodiversity? Why

7. Apple cultivators must consider all aspects of the Orchard's ecosystem in order to ensure the highest possible crop yield. The trees in the orchard obtain their energy through the process of photosynthesis.

Using the following information, identify all the species on the food web. (put answers on the diagram)



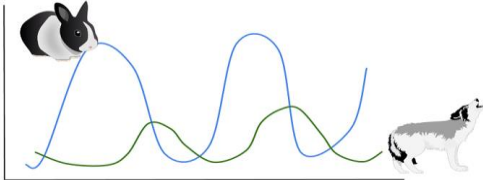
8. Use the diagram below to answer the questions.



a- Name an animal that could be a second, third or fourth order consumer. Give the food chain for each example.

- b- Which trophic level is missing from the food web?
- c- What would occur to the food web if the raccoons were to disappear?
- d- What would occur to the food web if the Butterfly orchids were to disappear?
- e- What would occur to the food web if the alligator disappeared?

9. Use the diagram below to answer the questions.



- a- What happens to the wolf population when the rabbit population decreases?
- b- What happens to the rabbit population when the wolf population increases?
- c- What happens to the rabbit population when the wolf population decrease?

10. Define the following words.

Population	Predation
Community	Competition
Ecosystem	Biotic
Autotroph	Abiotic
Heterotroph	Limiting factor
Detrivores	Commensalism
Mutualism	Parasitism

EARTH AND SPACE IS ON THE EXAM, BUT YOU JUST LEARNT IT SO IT IS NOT ON THE REVIEW!!